FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017



CROCE, SANGUINETTI, & VANDER VEEN

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	18
Statement of Cash Flows	19
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	20
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Major Special Revenue Fund	43
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	44
Other Independent Auditors' Report	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	45



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District**Discovery Bay, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 and required supplementary information on pages 43 through 44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croce, Sarguinetti, & Vander Veen, Inc.

CROCE, SANGUINETTI, & VANDER VEEN, INC. Certified Public Accountants Stockton, California March 19, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's (District) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 has been provided by the management of the District. The management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements which follow this section and is recommended to be reviewed in conjunction with them.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net position increased by \$453,463 over the prior year, including a \$321,866 decrease in net position of governmental activities, and a \$775,329 increase in net position of business-type activities. The District's net position is now \$46,333,331.
- Total assets of the District were \$70,226,640 with capital assets at \$51,479,048 net of accumulated depreciation. Current, non-current and other assets were \$18,747,592.
- Total liabilities were \$23,893,309 consisting of long-term liabilities of \$22,049,050 and other current liabilities of \$1,844,259.
- Assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46,333,331 (net position). Of this amount, \$16,629,283 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations, and \$29,704,048 is net investment in capital assets.
- On the current financial resources basis, the District's governmental fund expenditures exceeded revenues (including \$182,111 in capital outlay expenditures) by \$251,152. The proprietary fund revenues exceeded expenses by \$775,329.
- At year-end, there was \$1,515,365 in cash and investments to fund future governmental activities, and \$16,835,785 in cash and investments to fund future business-type activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements including required supplementary information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements present the results of operations for different functions of the District as follows:

1. **Government-wide financial statements** provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial position in a manner similar to private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The **Statement of Net Position** displays all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The **Statement of Activities** provides all current year revenues and expenses on an accrual basis of accounting regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or weakening.

The government-wide financial statements separately present the District's functions as follows:

- **Governmental activities** include services financed mainly through property taxes. The District's general, lighting and landscaping and community center services comprise its governmental activities.
- **Business-type activities** include services financed, in whole or in part, by fees paid by those who directly benefit from the service. The District's business-type activities include providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the District.
- 2. **Fund financial statements** focus on the individual functions of the District, and report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used by state and local governments to control their resources that are legally restricted or otherwise earmarked for special purposes. The District reports its fund financial statements in the following two categories:
 - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on 1) short-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, and 2) the resources remaining at the end of the fiscal year that are available for future use. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation that explains the relationship (or differences) between them is presented following each of the governmental fund statements.
 - **Proprietary funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements in more detail.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements

A review of net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Net position represents the difference between the District's assets and liabilities. As of June 30, 2017, the District's net position was \$46,333,331, an increase of \$453,463 from prior year. The following table outlines the District's net position by function for the current and prior fiscal years.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Net Position (rounded to the nearest dollar)
As of June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmenta	1 Activities	Activities Business-type Activities			Variance	
<u>Assets</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>\$</u>
Current and other							
assets	\$ 1,567,115	\$ 1,842,986	\$ 17,128,061	\$ 12,426,625	\$ 18,695,176	\$ 14,269,611	\$ 4,425,565
Non-current assets	-	-	52,416	54,512	52,416	54,512	(2,096)
Capital assets, net	2,266,596	2,335,307	49,212,452	43,675,785	51,479,048	46,011,092	5,467,956
Total assets	3,833,711	4,178,293	66,392,929	56,156,922	70,226,640	60,335,215	9,891,425
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities	136,422	161,141	1,707,837	1,028,505	1,844,259	1,189,646	654,613
Non-current liabilities	10,892	8,889	22,038,158	13,256,812	22,049,050	13,265,701	8,783,349
Total liabilities	147,314	170,030	23,745,995	14,285,317	23,893,309	14,455,347	9,437,962
Net Position							
Invested in capital							
assets	2,266,596	2,335,307	27,437,452	30,415,785	29,704,048	32,751,092	(3,047,044)
Unrestricted	1,419,801	1,672,956	15,209,482	11,455,820	16,629,283	13,128,776	3,500,507
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,686,397</u>	<u>\$ 4,008,263</u>	<u>\$42,646,934</u>	<u>\$41,871,605</u>	<u>\$46,333,331</u>	<u>\$45,879,868</u>	<u>\$ 453,463</u>

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (64%) reflects its net capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, etc.). The District uses its capital assets to provide the services it is responsible for and those assets don't represent future expendable resources. The second largest portion of the District's net position, approximately 36%, reflects its unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table displays the change in the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Change in Net Position

	Governmental	Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Total		
Revenues	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 143,279	\$ 112,850	\$ 8,729,817	\$ 8,333,833	\$ 8,873,096	\$ 8,446,683	
Operating grants and							
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and							
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General revenues							
Property taxes	634,351	576,524	-	-	634,351	576,524	
Assessments	127,033	123,209	-	-	127,033	123,209	
Investment income	-	-	2,671	97	2,671	97	
Other	337,430	490,560	78,284	587,143	415,714	1,077,703	
Total revenues	1,242,093	1,303,143	8,810,772	8,921,073	10,052,865	10,224,216	
Expenses							
General government	146,584	349,895	-	-	146,584	349,895	
Community center	2,110	1,255	-	-	2,110	1,255	
Lighting and landscaping							
Zone 8	1,095,703	804,094	-	-	1,095,703	804,094	
Lighting and landscaping							
Zone 9	149,175	84,303	-	-	149,175	84,303	
Water	-	-	2,884,204	2,312,379	2,884,204	2,312,379	
Sewer	-	-	4,571,601	4,223,813	4,571,601	4,223,813	
Financing authority	_	_	750,025	508,210	750,025	508,210	
Total expenses	1,393,572	1,239,547	8,205,830	7,044,402	9,599,402	8,283,949	
Transfers	(170,387)	301,341	170,387	(301,341)			
Change in net position	(321,866)	364,937	775,329	1,575,330	453,463	1,940,267	
Net position, beginning of year	4,008,263	3,643,326	41,871,605	40,296,275	45,879,868	43,939,601	
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,686,397	<u>\$ 4,008,263</u>	<u>\$42,646,934</u>	<u>\$41,871,605</u>	<u>\$46,333,331</u>	<u>\$45,879,868</u>	

The \$453,463 increase in net position is attributed to each function as follows:

Governmental Activities

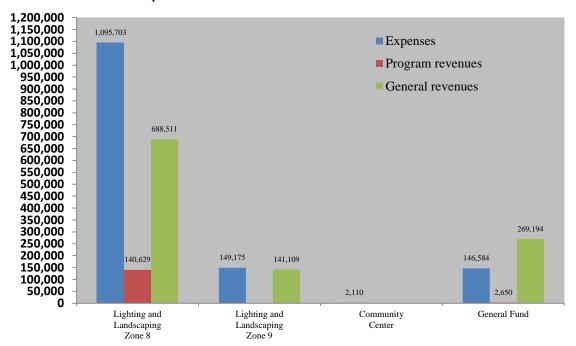
- Charge for services increased by \$30,429 due to an increase in community center program fees and rental revenue.
- Property tax revenue increased by \$57,827 due to an increase in assessed values of properties during the year related to more positive economic conditions than in the past.
- Other revenue decreased by \$153,130 due to a decrease in reimbursements.
- Expenses increased \$154,025 (12%) due to an increase in repairs and maintenance, salaries and wages, and utilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

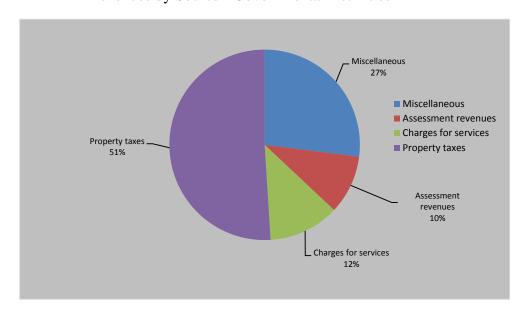
June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

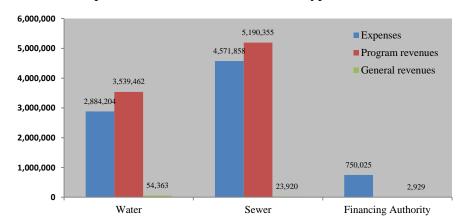
June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

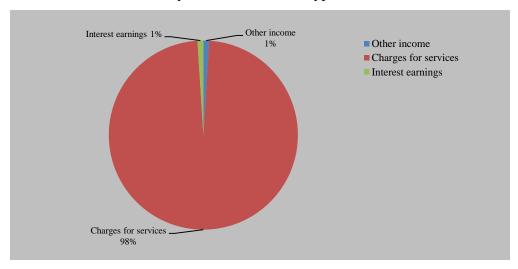
Business-type Activities

- Charges for services increased \$395,984 (5%) due to an increase in water and sewer rates and connection fees.
- Other revenues decreased \$508,860 (87%) due to a decrease in reimbursement revenue.
- Expenses increased \$1,161,685 (16%) primarily due to an increase in professional fees, repairs and maintenance, and permits and fees.

Expenses and Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows and outflows and balances of current expendable resources. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* presented in the balance sheet may serve as a useful measure of the District's resources available for spending at the end of its fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's combined governmental fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$251,152 primarily due to increased expenditures. This resulted in a \$251,152 decrease in the combined ending fund balance of the District's governmental funds. The fund balance of the Lighting and Landscaping Zone 8 fund decreased by \$8,115, the fund balance of the Lighting and Landscaping Zone 9 fund increased by \$17,280, the fund balance of the community center fund did not change, and the fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$260,317. At year-end, the combined fund balance of the governmental funds was \$1,430,693, consisting of unassigned funds, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information, in more detail, on the business-type activities presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The net position of the proprietary funds increased by \$775,329 from \$41,871,605 to \$42,646,934. The net position included \$15,209,482 in unrestricted net position which has increased by \$3,753,662 or 33% from the previous year. The increase in unrestricted net position is primarily due to an increase in operating revenues and decreased expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$29,704,048 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, structures and improvements, and treatment and collection.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

The District's total investment in capital assets before depreciation increased by \$7,717,397 from \$59,931,680 to \$67,649,077. Significant additions to capital assets included:

- Effluent Filtration Project (\$5,053,806)
- Water Meter Project (\$2,274,015)
- Community Center Roof (\$88,636)
- Willow Lake WTP PLC/Control System (\$149,107)

The following table displays the changes in District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in rounded dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total					
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017		<u>2016</u>	:	<u> 2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Land	\$	415,930	\$	415,930	\$	307,000	\$	307,000	\$	722,930	\$	722,930
Buildings and improvements		3,081,566		3,020,285		1,630,805		1,613,317	4	4,712,371		4,633,602
Treatment and collection		-		-	4	3,676,858	4	3,643,773	43	3,676,858	4	3,643,773
Structure and improvements		-		-		9,169,566		9,169,566	9	9,169,566		9,169,566
Equipment		302,098		254,468		920,932		891,902		1,223,030		1,146,370
Office furniture and equipment		15,307		15,307		-		-		15,307		15,307
Vehicles		80,133		80,133		400,638		366,064		480,771		446,197
Construction in progress				<u>-</u>		7,648,242		153,935		7,648,242		153,935
Total		3,895,034		3,786,123	6	3,754,041	5	6,145,557	6	7,649,075	5	9,931,680
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,628,438)	((1,450,816)	(1	4,541,589)	(1:	2,469,772)	(16	5,170,027)	(1	3,920,588)
Net capital assets	\$	2,266,596	\$	2,335,307	\$4	9,212,452	<u>\$4</u>	3,675,785	\$5	1,479,048	\$4	6,011,092

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E of the "Notes to Financial Statements" section

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2017, the District had \$21,775,000 in debt outstanding as compared to \$13,260,000 for the prior year. During fiscal year 2014, the District received Series 2012 Enterprise Revenue Bonds to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the water and wastewater systems. During fiscal year 2017, the District received series 2017 Enterprise Revenue Bonds to finance the costs of certain improvements to the water and wastewater enterprise systems. Additional information regarding the District's debt can be found in Note F of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2017

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District has experienced moderate growth which is expected to continue over the next 3-5 years as the economy recovers. This growth will further create demand for water and wastewater services and additional capital facilities. These demands have been addressed in the District's capital improvement program. The District is currently in the process of reviewing rates for water and wastewater services to evaluate the District's financial needs and rate structure.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's financial accountability and compliance with applicable laws for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information can be addressed to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, Attention: General Manager, 1800 Willow Lake Road, Discovery Bay, California 94505.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type activities	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,515,365	\$ 16,835,785	\$ 18,351,150
Accounts receivable, net of allowance			
for doubtful accounts	42,534	291,444	333,978
Advances on taxes	4,637	832	5,469
Inventory	4,579	-	4,579
Non-current assets:			
Debt issuance costs-prepaid insurance, net	-	52,416	52,416
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	2,266,596	49,212,452	51,479,048
Total assets	3,833,711	66,392,929	70,226,640
Deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>		
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	124,847	1,277,768	1,402,615
Accrued payroll	11,575	15,405	26,980
Interest payable	-	73,249	73,249
Other accrued liabilities	-	1,415	1,415
Bonds payable-current	-	340,000	340,000
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences	10,892	29,068	39,960
Bonds payable	-	21,435,000	21,435,000
Unamortized bond premium	_	574,090	574,090
Total liabilities	147,314	23,745,995	23,893,309
Deferred inflows of resources			
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,266,596	27,437,452	29,704,048
Unrestricted	1,419,801	15,209,482	16,629,283
Total net position	\$ 3,686,397	\$ 42,646,934	\$ 46,333,331

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Program revenues							
				Operating		(Capital			
		C	harges for	grant	s and	gra	ants and			
	Expenses		services	contributions		con	tributions			
Governmental activities	_									
General government	\$ 146,584	\$	2,650	\$	_	\$	-			
Community center	2,110		-		_		-			
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	1,095,703		140,629		_		-			
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	 149,175						<u> </u>			
Total governmental activities	 1,393,572		143,279							
Business-type activities										
Water	2,884,204		3,539,462		-		-			
Sewer	4,571,858		5,190,355		-		-			
Financing Authority	 750,025				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			
Total business-type activities	 8,206,087		8,729,817							
Total government	\$ 9,599,659	\$	8,873,096	\$		\$				

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Homeowners property tax relief

Assessments

Investment income

Other income

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position									
Governmental	1	Business-type							
<u>activities</u>		<u>activities</u>		<u>Totals</u>					
\$ (143,934)	\$	_	\$	(143,934)					
(2,110)	Ψ	_	Ψ	(2,110)					
(955,074)		_		(955,074)					
` ' '		-							
(149,175)		-		(149,175)					
(1,250,293)				(1,250,293)					
_		655,258		655,258					
_		618,497		618,497					
_		(750,025)		(750,025)					
		(130,023)		(130,023)					
		523,730		523,730					
(1,250,293)		523,730		(726,563)					
629,997		-		629,997					
4,354		-		4,354					
127,033		-		127,033					
_		2,929		2,929					
337,430		78,283		415,713					
(170,387)		170,387							
928,427		251,599		1,180,026					
(321,866)		775,329		453,463					
4,008,263		41,871,605		45,879,868					
\$ 3,686,397	<u>\$</u>	42,646,934	<u>\$</u>	46,333,331					

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

Liabilities					Sı	pecial	revenue fu	nds			
Assets Cash and investments \$ 234,219 \$ 430,986 \$ 599,563 \$ 250,597 \$ 1,515,365 Accounts receivable 38,154 - 3,504 876 42,534 Advances on taxes - - 4,637 - 4,537 Inventory - 4,579 - - 4,579 Total assets \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 4,831 \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Accrued payroll 620 - 10,339 616 11,575 Total liabilities 5,451 - 114,290 16,681 136,422 Fund balances Committed to: Committed to: - 435,565 - - 435,456 Lighting and landscaping - 493,414 - 493,414 Zone 9 - - - 234,792 234,792		C	16 1	C	•	laı	ndscaping		ndscaping	go	vernmental
Cash and investments \$ 234,219 \$ 430,986 \$ 599,563 \$ 250,597 \$ 1,515,365 Accounts receivable 38,154 - 3,504 876 42,534 Advances on taxes - - 4,637 - 4,637 Inventory - 4,579 - - 4,579 Total assets \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Accounts payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Account payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Account payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Account payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Account payable \$ 4,831 \$ - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,681 \$ 136,422 Fund	Agasta	Ge	eneral fund		<u>center</u>		Zone 8		Zone 9		<u>funds</u>
Accounts receivable 38,154 - 3,504 876 42,534 Advances on taxes - 4,637 - 4,637 - 4,637 Inventory - 4,579 Total assets \$\frac{272,373}{272,373} \frac{1}{2} \frac{437}{2} \frac{1}{2} \fra		¢	224 210	¢	420.096	¢	500 562	¢	250 507	Φ	1 515 265
Advances on taxes		Э		Ф	430,980	Ф		Ф		Ф	
Inventory			36,134		-				8/0		
Total assets \$272,373 \$435,565 \$607,704 \$251,473 \$1,567,115			-		4.570		4,637		-		
Liabilities and Fund Balances	•	Φ.	272 272	Φ.		Φ.		<u>c</u>	251 472	Φ.	
Liabilities	Total assets	<u> </u>	212,313	<u> </u>	433,303	<u> </u>	607,704	<u> </u>	251,4/3	<u> </u>	1,307,113
Accounts payable 4,831 - \$ 103,951 \$ 16,065 \$ 124,847 Accrued payroll 620 - 10,339 616 11,575 Total liabilities 5,451 - 114,290 16,681 136,422 Fund balances Committed to: Adjusted and landscaping Zone 8 - - 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 - - - 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances	Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Accrued payroll 620 - 10,339 616 11,575 Total liabilities 5,451 - 114,290 16,681 136,422 Fund balances Committed to: Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 - 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 - 493,414 - 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 2 - 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	Liabilities										
Fund balances Committed to: Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds [10,892]	Accounts payable	\$	4,831	\$	-	\$	103,951	\$	16,065	\$	124,847
Fund balances Committed to: Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	Accrued payroll		620				10,339		616		11,575
Committed to: Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 2 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 \$ 430,414 \$ 234,792 \$ 1,430,693 \$	Total liabilities		5,451				114,290		16,681		136,422
Committed to: Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 2 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 \$ 430,414 \$ 234,792 \$ 1,430,693 \$	Fund balances										
Community center - 435,565 435,565 Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 2 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 \$ 430,000 \$ 1,000											
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)			_		435 565		_		_		435 565
Zone 8 493,414 - 493,414 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)					135,505						155,505
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 234,792 234,792 Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)			_		_		493 414		_		493 414
Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)							173,111				173,111
Unassigned 266,922 266,922 Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)			_		_		_		234 792		234 792
Total fund balances 266,922 435,565 493,414 234,792 1,430,693 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)			266 922		_		_		231,772		
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	<u> </u>				435,565		493,414		234,792	_	
fund balances \$ 272,373 \$ 435,565 \$ 607,704 \$ 251,473 \$ 1,567,115 Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances \$ 1,430,693 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				7		,
Reconciliation to statement of net position Total governmental fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)		Φ	272 272	Ф	125 565	ф	607.704	Φ	051 470	Φ	1 5 6 7 1 1 5
Total governmental fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	fund balances	<u>\$</u>	272,373	<u>\$</u>	435,565	<u>\$</u>	607,704	\$	251,4/3	\$	1,567,115
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	Reconciliation to statement of 1	net po	sition								
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	Total governmental fund	holon	226							Ф	1 420 602
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)				ios in	the statemen	nt of i	not position	oro d	ifforant	Ф	1,430,093
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	1 9	CHIIII	entar activit	168 111	the statemen	iit Oi i	iet position	are u	merem		
therefore, are not reported in the funds 2,266,596 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	because.										
are not reported in the balance sheet of governmental funds (10,892)	·							2,266,596			
				_	-		-	, and	, therefore,		(10,892)
Net position of governmental activities \$ 3,686,397	Net position of governme	ntal a	ctivities							\$	3,686,397

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Sp			
		-	Lighting and	Lighting and	Total
		Community	landscaping	landscaping	governmental
	General fund	<u>center</u>	Zone 8	Zone 9	<u>funds</u>
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 628,524	\$ 385	\$ 628,909
Reimbursements	269,395	-	54,545	13,582	337,522
Other	2,650	-	140,629	109	143,388
Assessment income	-	-	-	127,033	127,033
Homeowners property tax relief		_	4,354	_	4,354
Total revenues	272,045		828,052	141,109	1,241,206
Expenditures					
Payroll	114,537	-	317,578	35,999	468,114
Repairs and maintenance	32,247	-	210,923	32,506	275,676
Utilities	-	-	170,493	22,279	192,772
Other	-	-	147,383	40,419	187,802
Insurance	-	-	7,218	3,257	10,475
Professional fees	-	-	2,821	2,200	5,021
Capital outlay	_		176,071	6,040	182,111
Total expenditures	146,784		1,032,487	142,700	1,321,971
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	125,261		(204,435)	(1,591)	(80,765)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	5,912	-	196,320	18,871	221,103
Operating transfers out	(391,490)		_		(391,490)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(385,578)		196,320	18,871	(170,387)
Net change in fund balances	(260,317)	-	(8,115)	17,280	(251,152)
Fund balances, beginning of year	527,239	435,565	501,529	217,512	1,681,845
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 266,922	<u>\$ 435,565</u>	\$ 493,414	<u>\$ 234,792</u>	<u>\$ 1,430,693</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (251,152)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:	
Depreciation expense related to capital assets is recognized in the statement of activities, but is not reported in the funds.	(185,349)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities record depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.	182,111
Changes in compensated absences are recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, but are not reported in the funds.	(2,003)
Governmental funds recognize the entire proceeds from the sale of capital assets, but the governmental activities reflect only the gain or loss on	(45 453)
the sale of capital assets.	 (65,473)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (321,866)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

	Water <u>fund</u>	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Financing <u>Authority fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,323,391	\$ 8,710,408	\$ 2,801,986	\$16,835,785
Accounts receivable, net	268,161	23,283	-	291,444
Interest receivable	-	-	42,897	42,897
Advances on taxes	333	<u>499</u>		832
Total current assets	5,591,885	8,734,190	2,844,883	17,170,958
Non-current assets				
Debt issuance cost - prepaid insurance	-	_	52,416	52,416
Debt service - installment receivable	-	-	13,246,237	13,246,237
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,208,892	34,286,644	<u>6,716,916</u>	49,212,452
Total non-current assets	8,208,892	34,286,644	20,015,569	62,511,105
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>-</u>			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$13,800,777	\$43,020,834	<u>\$ 22,860,452</u>	<u>\$79,682,063</u>
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position</u>				
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)				
Accounts payable	\$ 598,853	\$ 65,139	\$ 613,776	\$ 1,277,768
Accrued payroll	7,055	8,350	-	15,405
Interest payable	4,747	38,150	73,249	116,146
Bonds payable - current			340,000	340,000
Total current liabilities	610,655	111,639	1,027,025	1,749,319
Non-current liabilities				
Other accrued liabilities	1,415	-	-	1,415
Debt service - installment payable	1,425,785	11,820,452	-	13,246,237
Compensated absences	13,253	15,815	-	29,068
Bonds payable	-	-	21,435,000	21,435,000
Unamortized bond premium	_		574,090	574,090
Total non-current liabilities	1,440,453	11,836,267	22,009,090	35,285,810
Deferred inflows of resources			_	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	6,783,107	22,466,192	(1,811,847)	27,437,452
Unrestricted				
Board designated	1,927,759	2,791,638	-	4,719,397
Undesignated	3,038,803	5,815,098	1,636,184	10,490,085
Total net position	11,749,669	31,072,928	(175,663)	42,646,934
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and net position	\$13,800,777	<u>\$43,020,834</u>	<u>\$ 22,860,452</u>	<u>\$79,682,063</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Operating revenues		Water <u>fund</u>		Sewer fund		Financing Authority <u>fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Charges for services	\$	3,268,632	\$	4,878,114	\$	_	\$	8,146,746
Connection fees	Ψ	270,830	Ψ	312,241	Ψ	_	Ψ	583,071
Other		54,364		23,920		_		78,284
Total operating revenues		3,593,826	-	5,214,275			_	8,808,101
		3,373,020		3,214,273	_			0,000,101
Operating expenses Depreciation		291,979		1,779,838				2,071,817
Contract services		525,719		851,954		-		1,377,673
Payroll		393,920		460,617		-		854,537
Repairs and maintenance		523,174		316,527		_		839,701
Utilities		372,631		434,383		_		807,014
Professional fees		508,750		198,315		_		707,065
Insurance		104,079		172,367		2,097		278,543
Permits and fees		39,089		224,189		2,077		263,278
Miscellaneous		44,721		44,559		_		89,280
Telephone and communications		14,081		27,560		_		41,641
Supplies		18,771		18,105		_		36,876
Directors' expenses		13,744		20,706		_		34,450
Chemicals		14,661		15,064		_		29,725
Memberships		5,628		6,437		_		12,065
Public communication		5,914		-		_		5,914
Staff training		653		980		_		1,633
Total operating expenses		2,877,514		4,571,601		2,097		7,451,212
Operating income (loss)		716,312		642,674		(2,097)		1,356,889
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Investment income		_		_		2,671		2,671
Interest expense		_		_		(528,228)		(528,228)
Bond issuance cost		_		-		(219,700)		(219,700)
Bad debt expense		(6,690)				<u> </u>	_	(6,690)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(6,690)				(745,257)		(751,947)
Operating transfers in (out)		10,685		(206,404)		366,106	_	170,387
Change in net position		720,307		436,270		(381,248)		775,329
Net position, beginning of year	1	11,029,362		30,636,658		205,585		41,871,605
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 1</u>	11,749,669	\$	31,072,928	\$	(175,663)	\$	42,646,934

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Water <u>fund</u>	Sewer <u>fund</u>	Financing Authority <u>fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to vendors and suppliers Payments to employees and directors	\$ 3,541,337 \$ (1,731,741) (412,640)	(3,230,877)	613,775	\$ 8,742,875 (4,348,843) (852,010)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,396,956	1,531,291	613,775	3,542,022
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Issuance of bonds Cost of issuance Principal payments on bonds payable Interest payments on bonds payable Premium on bonds Transfers in (out)	- - - 10,685	- - - - (43,654)	8,825,000 (219,700) (310,000) (516,312) 297,059 663,356	8,825,000 (219,700) (310,000) (516,312) 297,059 630,387
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	10,685	(43,654)	8,739,403	8,706,434
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets	(961,404)	(92,915)	(6,554,166)	(7,608,485)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(961,404)	(92,915)	(6,554,166)	(7,608,485)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income			2,929	2,929
Net cash provided by investing activities		<u>-</u>	2,929	2,929
Net increase in cash and investments	446,237	1,394,722	2,801,941	4,642,900
Cash and investments, beginning of year	4,877,154	7,315,686	45	12,192,885
Cash and investments, end of year	<u>\$ 5,323,391</u> \$	8 8,710,408	\$ 2,801,986	<u>\$16,835,785</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by				
operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	\$ 716,312 \$	6 642,674	\$ (2,097)	\$ 1,356,889
by operating activities Depreciation Other Change in assets and liabilities	291,980	1,779,838 (258)	-	2,071,818 (258)
Accounts receivable Debt issuance costs - prepaid insurance	(52,489)	-	2,096	(65,226) 2,096
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deferred revenue	498,638 (10,043) (2,980)	(467,711) (11,857)	613,776	644,703 (21,900) (2,980)
Other accrued liabilities Debt service-installment payable Compensated absences	(585) (48,944) 5,067	(411,056) 12,398	- - 	(585) (460,000) 17,465
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 1,396,956</u> <u>\$</u>	5 1,531,291	<u>\$ 613,775</u>	\$ 3,542,022

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements.

<u>Description of the reporting entity</u>

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, formerly known as Discovery Bay Community Services District was formed by the residents of Discovery Bay under the authority of the Cortese-Knox Act (Gov. C. Sec. 56000). This newly formed special district was formed as a result of a petition of residents to provide services to the residents of Discovery Bay. Effective July 1, 1998, the District assumed the responsibilities, funding, and assets previously held by the dissolved Sanitation District #19. During November 1998, the residents of Discovery Bay voted to activate the latent powers of the District to include recreation; specifically, to acquire, fund, and operate a Community Center.

Effective August 13, 2003, the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) of Contra Costa County dissolved County Service Area M-8 and annexed the territory to the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District. The District is responsible for maintaining the lighting, landscaping, and parks within Service Area M-8 of the Town of Discovery Bay.

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District formed an assessment district known as Ravenswood Improvement District - Discovery Bay Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 for the purpose of providing for the operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

The purpose of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, a multipurpose independent district, is to represent the residents of Discovery Bay in any matters covered under the California Government Code relating to a Community Services District. In addition to the purposes listed in the Government Code, the District has been ordered by LAFCO and the Board of Supervisors to perform an advisory role for the residents of Discovery Bay. This role includes, but is not limited to, advising the County in matters of land use planning, zoning, compliance, roads and streets, lighting, landscaping, parks and public safety services. The District also provides water and sewer services to the Town of Discovery Bay.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District

Blended Component Unit: Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the District complies with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*.

Blended Component Units

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (the District) and the Byron Bethany Irrigation District entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated July 1, 2012, forming the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority (the Authority). The Authority is authorized to borrow money for the purpose of assisting the District in financing various public capital improvements and facilities. The Authority issued revenue bonds in order to fund such expenditures. The Authority is controlled by the District and has the same governing body as the District, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority have been included (termed "blended") in these financial statements in the business-type activities. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the District and its blended component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government, except for fiduciary activities.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and enterprise categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the District. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Community Center	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of acquiring, funding, and operating a community center.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of street lighting and landscaping facilities and services; local parks and recreation facilities and services; parkway facilities and services; and open space facilities and services Zone 8.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

	2
<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Water Fund	Accounts for the activities of providing water services to the residents of the District. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
Sewer Fund	Accounts for the activities associated with operating and maintaining the Districts collection and treatment of wastewater. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.
Financing Authority Fund	Accounts for facilitating the financing of public capital improvements and facilities for the District's water and wastewater system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt, and billing and collection.
	(Continued)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The District's operating revenues include all revenues derived from water and sewage services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue, the portion of tap fees, connection fees and impact fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses include all costs related to water and sewage services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses, except for capital contributions, which represent capital contributions collected for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

As allowed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the District's proprietary funds follow all GASB pronouncements currently in effect as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the AICPA Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict with GASB pronouncements.

Measurement focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absenses and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

All proprietary funds utilize the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Cash and investments

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at unpaid balances, less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The District provides for losses on accounts receivable using the allowance method. The allowance is based on historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding accounts receivable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Debt service installment receivable

The District and the Authority have installment sale agreements whereby the District is obligated to pay to the Authority installment payments equal to the debt service requirements of the Authority's long-term debt. The debt service installment receivable represents the amount due from the District to meet the Authority's debt service requirements, which includes principal and accrued interest.

Inventory

Inventory held in the special revenue fund is carried at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The District's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

Depreciation has been provided on capital assets and is charged as an expense against operations each year. The total amount of depreciation taken over the years is reported on the statement of net position as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Buildings and improvements	7-40 years
Equipment	5-25 years
Structures and improvements	10-50 years
Treatment and collection	5-40 years
Vehicles	5 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated absences

Compensated absences are accrued as earned by employees, and consist of accruals for vacation time. The District's liability for compensated absences is reported in the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Net position

Equity in the financial statements is classified as net position and displayed in three components as follows:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to these assets.
- c. Unrestricted Amounts not required to be reported in other components of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts constrained regarding use from restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or by restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Committed - Amounts constrained regarding use for specific purposes pursuant to requirements imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned - Amounts constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors, District manager or their designee.

Unassigned - Amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the District's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

Property taxes

Property taxes and property assessments were levied January 1, 2016, assessed July 1, 2016 and were payable in two installments on December 10, 2016 and April 10, 2017. The County of Contra Costa bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District.

Utility sales

Utility sales are billed on a monthly basis. Estimated unbilled utility revenue through June 30 has been accrued at year-end for the enterprise funds.

Contributed capital

Effective August 13, 2003, the District recorded contributed capital to transfer funds from County Service M-8 to Lighting and landscaping Zone 8. The Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 district became the responsibility of the District on August 13, 2003. The contributed capital represents all capital assets and assets transferred to the District.

The District has received \$18,757,813 of noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure.

Budgetary accounting

The District does not adopt appropriated budgets. However, the District does adopt non-appropriated budgets annually, which are approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 - that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

New accounting pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The District will be required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

Note B - Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2017 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,515,365</u>	\$ 16,835,785	<u>\$ 18,351,150</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,515,365</u>	<u>\$ 16,835,785</u>	<u>\$ 18,351,150</u>

At June 30, 2017, the District's total cash and investments at fair value were as follows:

Cash:		
Cash on hand	\$	500
Deposits with financial institutions	7	,371,972
Total cash	7	,372,472
Investments:		
Certificate of deposit		6,782
Contra Costa County Treasurer	10	<u>,971,896</u>
Total investments	10	,978,678
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 18</u>	,351,150

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment policy

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for the Lighting and landscaping fund whose investments were directed by Contra Costa County. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as "cash and investments". Cash balances from all participating funds are combined and invested to the extent possible, pursuant to the Board of Directors approved Investment Policy and guidelines, and the California Government Code, Section 53600, Division 2, Chapter 4 - Financial Affairs.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentrations of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency obligations	5 years	None	None
California Local Agency debt	5 years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	20%	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes or Bonds	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
High Grade Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	10%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	5%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	5%
Collateralized Negotiable Instruments	5 years	15%	5%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Local government investment pools	N/A	None	None

The District complied with the provisions of California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The District will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statuses pertaining to public deposits and investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District's investment policy does not contain any provisions limiting interest rate risk other than what is specified in the California Government Code.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		12 months	13 - 24	25-36	37 - 48	49 - 60	More than
Investment Type	<u>Total</u>	or less	<u>months</u>	<u>months</u>	<u>months</u>	<u>months</u>	60 months
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 6,782	\$ -	\$ 6,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contra Costa County							
Treasurer	10,971,896	10,971,896					
Total	\$10,978,678	<u>\$10,971,896</u>	\$ 6,782	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

			Minimum	Exe	empt								
			Legal	Fr	om								
Investment Type	<u>A</u>	mount	Rating	Discl	osure	<u>A</u>	AA	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>		1	Not Rated
Certificate of Deposit Contra Costa County	\$	6,782	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,782
Treasurer	10	,971,896	N/A								_		10,971,896
Total	\$10	<u>,978,678</u>	<u>N/A</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$	=	\$	10,978,678

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in certain types of investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2017, the District's bank balance was \$7,315,982 and \$500,000 of that amount was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and collateralized as required by state law and the remaining amount of \$6,815,982 was secured by a pledge of securities by the financial institution.

Investment in Contra Costa County Treasurer

The District's investment in the Contra Costa County investment pool is managed by the Contra Costa County Treasurer and is stated at fair value or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Cash held by the Contra Costa County Treasury is pooled with other County deposits for investment purposes by the County Treasurer in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasurer (see County Treasurer's investment policy at http://www.co.contra-costa.ca.us/). The Pool has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained by the Pool. Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of the participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is prorated to individual funds based on their average daily cash balances. In accordance with applicable State laws, the Contra Costa County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities. However, at June 30, 2017, the Contra Costa County Treasurer's pooled investment fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's investment in the certificate of deposit is held with a commercial bank and is classified as Level 1. The District's investment in the County of Contra Costa Treasury Pool is classified as Level 2 and its value is based on the fair value factor provided by the Treasurer of the County of Contra Costa, which is calculated as the fair value divided by the amortized cost of the investment pool.

Note C - Accounts Receivable, Net

The accounts receivable, net balance consists of the following balances as of June 30, 2017:

Lighting and Lighting and										
		La	andscaping	La	andscaping					
	<u>General</u>		Zone 8		Zone 9		Water		<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible	\$ 38,154	\$	3,504	\$	876	\$	293,353 (25,192)		25,223 (1,940)	\$ 361,110 (27,132)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 38,154	\$	3,504	\$	876	\$	268,161	\$	23,283	\$ 333,978

Note D - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions consist of the following:

Transfers between funds

Resources may be transferred from one District fund to another with approval. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Less often, a transfer may be made to open or close a fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note D - Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In		<u>T</u> 1	ransfers Out
Major Governmental Funds				
General fund	\$	5,912	\$	391,490
Community center		-		-
Lighting and landscaping zone 8		196,320		-
Lighting and landscaping zone 9		18,871		_
Major Proprietary Funds				
Water fund		183,579		172,894
Sewer fund		692,092		898,496
Financing authority		366,106		
Total interfund transfers	<u>\$</u>	1,462,880	<u>\$</u>	1,462,880

In general, the District uses interfund transfers to:

- Transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the water and sewer fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds
- Fund operations (move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them)
- Fund interdepartmental cost reimbursement
- Fund capital projects

The effect of the interfund activity has not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements as the amounts relate to transfers between governmental and business-type activities. The transfers have resulted from deposits made by Contra Costa County into the Sewer and Water Fund for revenues of the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note E - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Governmental activities	<u>J</u>	Balance une 30, 2016		Additions	Ι	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Tı</u>	ransfers	:	Balance June 30, 2017
Nondepreciable capital assets	Ф	415.020	Ф		Φ		Ф		Ф	41.7.020
Land	\$	415,930	\$		\$		\$		\$	415,930
Total nondepreciable capital										
assets	_	415,930				<u> </u>				415,930
Depreciable capital assets										
Equipment		254,468		47,630		-		-		302,098
Buildings and improvements		3,020,285		134,481		(73,200)		-		3,081,566
Office furniture and equipment		15,307		-		-		-		15,307
Vehicles		80,133		_				<u> </u>		80,133
Total depreciable capital assets		3,370,193		182,111		(73,200)		-		3,479,104
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,450,816)		(185,349)		7,727		<u> </u>		(1,628,438)
Net depreciable capital assets		1,919,377		(3,238)		(65,473)				1,850,666
Net capital assets	\$	2,335,307	\$	(3,238)	\$	(65,473)	\$		\$	2,266,596
Business-type activities										
Nondepreciable capital assets										
Land	\$	307,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	307,000
Construction in progress		153,935	_	7,485,492	_			8,815	_	7,648,242
Total nondepreciable capital										
assets		460,935	_	7,485,492				8,815		7,955,242
Depreciable capital assets										
Buildings and improvements		1,613,317		17,488		-		-		1,630,805
Treatment and collection		43,643,773		41,900		-		(8,815)		43,676,858
Structures and improvements		9,169,566		-		-		-		9,169,566
Equipment		891,902		29,030		-		-		920,932
Vehicles		366,064		34,574	_	<u>-</u>				400,638
Total depreciable capital assets		55,684,622		122,992		-		(8,815)		55,798,799
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,469,772)		(2,071,817)	_	<u> </u>				(14,541,589)
Net depreciable capital assets		43,214,850		(1,948,825)	_	<u> </u>		(8,815)		41,257,210
Net capital assets	\$	43,675,785	\$	5,536,667	\$		\$		\$	49,212,452

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

Governmental activities:

Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	\$	171,101
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9		12,138
Community center		2,110
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	185,349
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	291,979
Sewer		1,779,838
Total depreciation expense - Business-type activities	\$	2,071,817

Note F - Long-Term Debt

The District generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not include the long-term debt, as this liability is not payable in the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements use the same principles as those used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note F - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Bond Issuance Costs and Premiums

For proprietary fund types, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. With the implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, the bond issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, are required to be expensed in the year incurred.

Current year business-type transactions and balances

The District's debt issues and transactions are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter:

Business-type Activity Debt	Original <u>Amount</u>	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due within one year
Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority Series 2012 Enterprise Revenue Bonds Discovery Bay Public	\$14,150,000	\$ 13,260,000	\$ - \$	6 (310,000)	\$ 12,950,000	\$ 310,000
Financing Authority Series 2017 Enterprise Revenue						
Bonds	8,825,000	-	8,825,000	-	8,825,000	30,000
Unamortized Premium	659,405	295,209	297,059	(18,178)	574,090	<u>-</u>
Totals	\$23,634,405	\$ 13,555,209	\$ 9,122,059	(328,178)	\$ 22,349,090	\$ 340,000

2012 Enterprise Revenue Bonds

In August 2012, the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority issued \$14,150,000 in enterprise revenue bonds Series 2012 to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to the water and wastewater systems.

Pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement between the Authority and the District, the District has pledged the net revenues of the District's municipal water enterprise and wastewater enterprise.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note F - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The bonds carry coupon interest rates ranging from 1.00%-5.00% and are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2043. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1st and June 1st each year, while principal installments ranging from \$290,000 to \$805,000 are payable each year on December 1st.

2017 Enterprise Revenue Bonds

In April 2017, the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority issued \$8,825,000 in enterprise revenue bonds Series 2017 to finance the costs of certain improvements to the water and wastewater systems.

Pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement between the Authority and the District, the District has pledged the net revenues of the District's municipal water enterprise and wastewater enterprise.

The bonds carry coupon interest rates ranging from 2.00%-5.00% and are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2048. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1st and June 1st each year, while principal installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$1,075,000 are payable each year on December 1st.

Annual debt service requirements for business-type debt are shown below:

	Business-type Activities									
For the year				_						
ending June 30,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>						
2018	\$	340,000	\$	906,142						
2019		490,000		858,088						
2020		505,000		845,881						
2021		520,000		827,998						
2022		540,000		806,731						
2023-2027		3,010,000		3,709,277						
2028-2032		2,935,000		3,116,905						
2033-2037		3,350,000		2,512,335						
2038-2042		4,160,000		1,679,088						
2043-2047		4,850,000		695,854						
2048		1,075,000		17,917						
Total	\$	21,775,000	\$	15,976,216						

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note G - Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the District may participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the District. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Total employee contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$24,321.

Note H - Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation leave based on length of service. Accumulated vacation leave is subject to maximum accruals for all employees. As of June 30, 2017, the District's accrued liability for accumulated unused vacation leave is \$39,960. Employees are paid for their accumulated unused vacation leave upon separation from service. The liability is expected to be liquidated with future resources and not with expendable available financial resources.

Note I - Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; risk of loss to employees; and natural disasters.

In order to insure for risks of loss, the District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the SDRMA is such that the SDRMA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The SDRMA arranges for and provides property, liability and worker's compensation coverage for its member districts. The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District participates in all programs.

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the SDRMA. The District's share of surpluses and deficits cannot be determined, although District management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material in relation to the financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note I - Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement) (Continued)

The District is covered by the following types of insurance through the SDRMA as of June 30, 2017:

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Limit</u>	s of liability
General liability	\$	10,000,000
Public officials and employees errors		10,000,000
Elected officials personal liability		500,000
Employment practices liability		10,000,000
Employee benefits liability		10,000,000
Employee and public officials dishonesty coverage		1,000,000
Auto liability		10,000,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorists		1,000,000
Property coverage	1,	000,000,000
Boiler and machinery		100,000,000
Statutory workers' compensation		Statutory

Note J - Governing Board

The powers of the District are exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of five directors each elected for a term of four years by the qualified electors within the District.

As of June 30, 2017, the members of the District's Board of Directors were as follows:

<u>Director</u>	<u>Term expires</u>	
Kevin Graves	December 2018	
Chris Steele	December 2018	
Robert Leete	December 2018	
Bill Pease	December 2020	
Bill Mayer	December 2020	

Note K - Contingencies and Commitments

The District is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations that, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. In addition, the District has entered into construction and service contracts with various companies. Many of the contracts are considered fixed fee arrangements. However, work under these contracts could be discontinued at the direction of the District. Therefore, it is the opinion of management that a fixed commitment does not exist.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Major Special Revenue Fund

Year ended June 30, 2017

	Lighting and Landscaping Zone 8		
			Variance with
	Budgeted		final budget
	amounts	Actual	positive/
	<u>original/final</u>	<u>amounts</u>	(<u>negative</u>)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 500,000	\$ 632,878	\$ 132,878
Other	111,100	140,629	29,529
Reimbursements	14,207	54,545	40,338
Total revenues	625,307	828,052	202,745
Expenditures			
Payroll expenses	286,908	317,578	(30,670)
Repairs and maintenance	97,350	210,923	(113,573)
Utilities	158,000	170,493	(12,493)
Other	96,550	147,383	(50,833)
Insurance	6,200	7,218	(1,018)
Professional fees	5,720	2,821	2,899
Capital outlay	5,000	176,071	(171,071)
Total expenditures	655,728	1,032,487	(376,759)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures prior to other financing sources (uses)	(30,421)	(204,435)	(174,014)
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		196,320	196,320
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	196,320	196,320
Net change in fund balance	(30,421)	(8,115)	22,306
Fund balance, beginning of year	501,529	501,529	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 471,108</u>	\$ 493,414	\$ 22,306

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017

The manager of the District prepares an expenditure budget annually which is approved by the Board of Directors setting forth the contemplated fiscal requirements. The District's budgets are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The results of operations are presented in the budget to actual schedule in accordance with the budgetary basis.

Reported budget amounts reflect the annual budget as originally adopted. There were no amendments to the budget during the year ended June 30, 2017. The budget amounts are based on estimates of the District's expenditures and the proposed means of financing them. Actual expenditures for capital outlay, debt service and contingencies may vary significantly from budget due to timing of such expenditures.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors

Town of Discovery Bay Community

Services District

Discovery Bay, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croce, Sarguinetti, & Vander Veen, Inc.

CROCE, SANGUINETTI, & VANDER VEEN, INC. Certified Public Accountants Stockton, California March 19, 2018